

<u>Geography – Progression of Skills</u>

		EYFS	Year I/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
Geographical Knowledge	I. The UK and local area	Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps;	 Can name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas on a map Know about the local area, and name and locate key landmarks. Create a vocabulary list of the human and physical features of the local area and describe these features and locate them on a map using images or drawings. 	 Can describe where the UK is located, and name and locate some major urban areas; locate where they live in the UK using locational terminology (north, south, east, west) and the names of nearby counties. Can locate and describe some human and physical characteristics of the UK 	 Can locate and describe several physical environments in the UK, e.g. coastal and mountain environments, and how they change. Can locate the UK's major urban areas, knowing some of their distinct characteristics and how some of these have changed over time. Can recognise broad land-use patterns of the UK
	2. The world and continents		Can name and locate the seven continents and five oceans on a globe or atlas	 Can locate some countries in Europe and North and South America on a map or atlas. Can relate continent, country, state and city, and identify states in North America using a map Can identify the position of the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and understand the significance of latitude and longitude 	 Can locate cities, countries and regions of Europe and North and South America on physical and political maps. The pupil can describe key physical and human characteristics and environmental regions of Europe and North and South America. Can locate places studied in relation to the equator, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, latitude and longitude, and relate this to their time zone, climate, seasons and vegetation
Geographical Understanding	3. Physical Themes	 Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class; Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when appropriate – maps. 	 Can identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom. Can describe which continents have significant hot or cold areas and relate these to the poles and equator Can recognise a natural environment and describe it using key vocabulary 	 Can indicate tropical, temperate and polar climate zones on a globe or map and describe the characteristics of these zones using appropriate vocabulary Can use simple geographical vocabulary to describe significant physical features and talk about how they change. Can describe a river and mountain environment in the UK, using appropriate geographical vocabulary. 	 Can understand how climate and vegetation are connected in biomes, e.g. the tropical rainforest and the desert. Can describe what the climate of a region is like and how plants and animals are adapted to it. Can understand how food production is influenced by climate Can describe and understand a range of key physical processes and the resulting landscape features.



				Can describe the water cycle in sequence, using appropriate vocabulary, and name some of the processes associated with rivers and mountains	Can understand how a mountain region was formed
	4. Human Themes		Can identify a range of human environments, such as the local area and contrasting settlements, and describe them and some of the activities that occur there using key vocabulary	 Can identify and sequence a range of settlement sizes from a village to a city. Can describe the characteristics of settlements with different functions, e.g. coastal towns. Can use appropriate vocabulary to describe the main land uses within urban areas and identify the key characteristics of rural areas 	 Know and understand what life is like in cities and in villages and in a range of settlement sizes. Can understand that products we use are imported as well as locally produced. Can explain how the types of industry in the area have changed over time. Can understand where our energy and natural resources come from
	5. Understanding places and connections	Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class;	 Can make observations about, and describe, the local area and its physical and human geography Can describe the physical and human geography of a distant place. Can describe their locality and how it is different and similar to a distant place 	 Can understand the physical and human geography of the UK and its contrasting human and physical environments. Can explain why some regions are different from others Can describe and compare similarities and differences between some regions in Europe and North or South America. Can understand how the human and physical characteristics of one region in Europe and North or South America are connected and make it special Can understand how physical processes can cause hazards to people. Can describe some advantages and disadvantages of living in hazard-prone areas 	 Understand how a region has changed and how it is different from another region of the UK Know information about a region of Europe and North or South America, its physical environment and climate, and economic activity Can explain some ways biomes (including the oceans) are valuable, why they are under threat and how they can be protected. Understand how human activity is influenced by climate and weather. Understand hazards from physical environments and their management, such as avalanches in mountain regions. Can explain several threats to wildlife/habitats



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Geographical Skills and Enquiry	6. Map and Atlas Work	Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when appropriate – maps.	 Can use a world map, atlas or globe to name and locate the seven continents and five oceans. Can use a UK wall map or atlas to locate and identify the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas Can describe a journey on a map of the local area using simple compass directions and locational and directional language 	Can use an atlas to locate the UK and locate some major urban areas; locate where they live in the UK.	 Can use physical and political maps to describe key physical and human characteristics of regions of Europe or North and South America. Can use globes and atlases to locate places studied in relation to the Equator, latitude and longitude and time zones. Can use thematic maps for specific purposes Can use four-figure grid references and find six-figure grid references. Can describe height and slope from a map. Can read and compare map scales
	7. Fieldwork and Investigation	Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants;	 Can use aerial photos to identify physical and human features of a locality. Can draw a simple map with a basic key of places showing landmarks Can keep a weekly weather chart based on first-hand observations using picture symbols, and present this data. Can locate features of the school grounds on a base map 	room.	 Can make sketch maps of areas using symbols, a key and a scale. Can use digital maps to investigate features of an area. Can present information gathered in fieldwork using a range of graphs Can design, plan and carry out a fieldwork investigation in an urban area and/or a rural area using appropriate techniques